Engineering graphene/carbon towards energy storage and conversion

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Alarmed by global warming and the energy crisis, intensive efforts have been devoted to developing sustainable energy technologies/resources. Carbon/graphene have attracted tremendous attentions because of its physical and chemical properties, especially after Nobel Prize was awarded to Andre Geim and Konstantin Novoselov. Recently, it was found that engineering/tailoring graphene could tune its capability in energy storage and conversion devices/systems. In this talk, we will show how to tailor graphene/graphene oxide to achieve high-performance Li-ion batteries.[1-2] A green strategy to collect microporous carbon from disposable sugarcane waste for lithium ion battery (LIB) applications will be involved as a typical case.[3] Besides, a universal method to engineer metal-oxide metal-carbon interface for low-cost high-efficiency ultrastable oxygen reduction will also be introduced.[4] Moreover, some basic understanding of electronic properties tuning and interface engineering will be unveiled with the assistance of scanning tunneling microscopy (STM) and density functional theory (DFT) calculations.[5]

References:

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