

Theoretical Guidance and Experimental Confirmation on Catalytic Tendency of M-CeO₂ (M = Zr, Mn, Ru or Cu) for NH₃-SCR of NO

Maitarad P, Han J, Namuangruk S,* Shi L, Zhang D *

¹ Research Center of Nano Science and Technology Shanghai University, Shanghai, China

² National Nanotechnology Center (NANOTEC), NSTDA, 111 Thailand Science Park, Pahonyothin Road, Klong Luang, Pathum Thani 12120, Thailand

Herein, we demonstrate that the degrees of catalytic performance of M-CeO₂-based catalysts (M=Mn, Cu, Ru or Zr) for an ammonia selective catalytic reduction (NH₃-SCR) of nitric-oxide (NO) can be estimated using three theoretical terms; (i) an oxygen vacancy formation energy of a catalyst, (ii) an adsorption energy of NO and (iii) an adsorption energy of NH₃. Those terms predict the trend of the catalytic performance as the order; Mn-CeO₂ > Cu-CeO₂ > Ru-CeO₂ > Zr-CeO₂ > CeO₂. To verify the theoretical prediction, the catalysts were synthesized and tested their performances on the NH₃-SCR of NO reaction. The normalized NO conversion rates at low temperatures (100–200 °C) were measured for Mn-CeO₂, Cu-CeO₂, Ru-CeO₂, Zr-CeO₂ and CeO₂ as 2.61–7.46, 1.30–6.82, 0.73–3.02, 0.81–3.31 and 1.55–2.33 mol s⁻¹ m⁻², respectively. A concept of a structure-activity relationship analysis shows a strong relationship between theoretical terms predictions and experimental results at the lower temperatures (Figure 1).^{1,2}

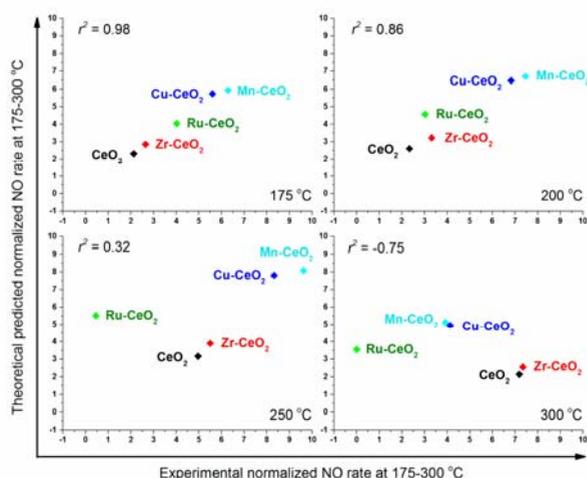


Figure 1. Experimental and predicted normalized NO conversion rate ($\times 10^{-5}$ mol s⁻¹ m⁻²) from 175 – 300 °C over the CeO₂, Zr-CeO₂, Ru-CeO₂, Cu-CeO₂ and Mn-CeO₂ catalysts.

References

[1] Maitarad P, Han J, Zhang D, Shi L, Namuangruk S, Rungrotmongkol T (2014) J Phys Chem C 118:9612-9620 and [2] Maitarad P, Han, Namuangruk S, Shi L, Chitpakdee C, Meeprasert J, Junkaew A, Kungwan N, Zhang D. Molecular Simulation, 2017.

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Email: supawadee@nanotec.or.th (S.N.) and dszhang@shu.edu.cn (D.Z.)